Government's Economic Package-



Reforms in New Sectors with Growth and Employment Potential thinkcapital

Fast-track Investments



- Fast track Investment Clearance through Empowered Group of Secretaries (EGoS)
- Project Development Cell in each Ministry

 Incentive schemes for Promotion of New Champion Sectors will be launched in sectors such as Solar PV manufacturing; Advanced cell battery storage, etc

Industrial Infrastructure Upgradation



- Industrial Cluster Upgradation of common infrastructure facilities and connectivity
- Availability of Industrial Land/ Land Bank for promoting new investments and making information available on Industrial Information System (IIS) with GIS mapping -3376 industrial parks/estates/SEZs in 5 lakh hectares mapped on Industrial Information System (IIS)

Policy Reforms

Sector	Policy Details
Coal	 Private sector participation in mining, removal of government monopoly Earlier than scheduled production and coal gasification / liquefaction to be incentivized through rebate in revenue-share Rs 50,000 crore to be spent for evacuation infrastructure; Includes Rs 18,000 cr worth of investment in mechanized transfer of coal (conveyor belts) from mines to railway sidings
Minerals	 500 mining blocks would be offered through an open and transparent auction process; joint auction of bauxite and coal mineral blocks Remove distinction between captive and non-captive mines to allow transfer of mining leases and sale of surplus unused minerals
Defence	 'Make in India' for Self-Reliance in Defence Production FDI limit under automatic route will be raised from 49% to 74% Corporatisation of Ordnance Factory Board
Aviation	 Eased restriction (only 60% of airspace freely available currently) and optimal utilization of airspace Estimated annual benefit of about Rs 1000 cr for the aviation sector Aircraft component repairs and airframe maintenance to increase from Rs 800 crores to Rs 2000 cr in 3 years Convergence between defence sector and the civil MROs to bring down maintenance cost of airlines
Space	 Encourage private players' participation by Ensuring level playing field Predictable policy and regulatory environment Usage of ISRO facilities and other relevant assets to improve their capacities Participating in future projects for planetary exploration, outer space travel Liberal geo-spatial data policy for providing remote-sensing data to tech-entrepreneurs
Atomic Energy	 Establishment in PPP mode research reactor for production of medical isotopes (for affordable treatment of cancer and other diseases) and irradiation technology for food preservation Setting up Incubation centres to link India's startup ecosystem to Nuclear sector
Social Infrastructure	Proposed creation of social infrastructure projects worth Rs 8,100 cr through revamped viability gap funding scheme

• Enhancing the quantum of viability gap funding up to 30% of total project cost